INLINE SLALOM TECHNICAL COMMISSION ADDITIONAL RULES 2025



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Address

Maison du Sport International Av. De Rhodanie, 54 | 1007 Lausanne | Switzerland

Phone & Fax

Phone: + 41 216 011877 Fax: + 41 216 011877

Online

Email 1: info@worldskate.org
Email 2: alpine@worldskate.org
Website: www.worldskate.org



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1. TECHNICAL COMMISSION. COMPOSITION AND FUNCTIONS

1.1 Definition

Inline Slalom Technical Commission is a Technical Commission of the World Skate.

1.2 Composition

The Technical Commission is composed of respecting World Skate Statutes article 18 - point 7 Article 18.7:

In between General Assemblies, the management of each discipline is entrusted to an executive consisting of a Chair, one Vice Chair and at least three but not more than four other members. The executive is directly responsible to the Central Committee of the WORLD SKATE for its actions and management between assemblies. A quorum of the executive of a discipline is three.

1.3 Tasks

- 1. to organize and promote inline slalom skating activities throughout the world and prepare and administer the relative regulations.
- 2. to establish and maintain close relationships with all the National Federations and recognized Continental Areas affiliated with World Skate.
- 3. to make sure that all the affiliated National Federations and recognized Continental Areas comply with World Skate Statutes.
- 4. to amend the Rulebook whenever necessary.
- 5. to make sure that all international competitions with countries of different Continents have approval when World Skate regulations demand it.
- 6. to make sure that the behavior of skaters, accompanying people comply with the rules established by WORLD SKATE.
- 7. to make sure that the doping control takes place according to World Skate Anti-Doping Rules and WADA Code.

1.4 Duties of Technical Commission members

- 1. The Chair seats and presides over the Technical Commission meetings and is responsible for any administrative matter regarding the Commission. He has the casting vote and represents the Technical Commission in every official circumstance.
- 2. The Chair shall take care of and co-ordinate matters concerning International Judges. 3. The Vice Chair assists him and when necessary takes his place, if invited to do so. He is responsible for the measures to be taken according to the WADA and World Skate Medical Regulations. 4. The other four (4) members carry out individual functions assigned to them during World Skate meeting, and are the followings:
 - a) to assist the Chair in the evolution and modification of the Rulebook;
 - b) to assist the Chair in any administrative matter according to the needs (public relations for the World Championships and liaison with the media);
 - c) to assist the Chair in any task during the World Championship.



2. INTERNATIONAL OFFICIALS

2.1 Technical Delegate

Accountability

The TD is subordinate to the "WORLD SKATE IS TC".

Assignment

At "WORLD SKATE IS" races "WORLD SKATE IS TC" must always appoint a TD and a TD-assistant who are checked for the "WORLD SKATE INLINE SLALOM"-Regulation. TD cannot be from the organizer's country.

Tasks of the TD before a race

- At a meeting before the start TD allocates the gate judges together with the chief of the gate judges.
- TD takes part in all meetings of the jury and team managers and takes the chair
- TD controls the announcements before they are official and changes them necessarily
- TD reads accounts of ancient events of the aligner, if available, and checks if
- TD improvements within are allowed
- TD notes accreditations
- TD controls the training and racetracks
- TD controls the administrative and technical preparations
- TD checks safety precautions
- TD checks the start area
- TD checks the start
- TD checks the quality of the street
- TD checks the finish run-out
- TD defines the number of precursors in collaboration with the jury
- TD decides how to inspect the track in collaboration with the jury
- TD checks the magisterial editions and their abidance
- TD demands on the abidance of all given times for trainings and starts
- TD approves the training and racetracks having regard to hegemonic terms
- TD issues instructions to all persons involved in the race
- TD gives advice to all persons involved in the race abbreviation of the racetrack in collaboration with the jury discontinuance of a race when there are disadvantageous conditions
- TD checks on regulations about sponsoring (place, kind of fastening)
- TD checks on all race-relevant documents
- TD checks on an adequate number of 2-way radio sets
- TD review of the gate referee's position
- TD review of course settling
- TD checks on positions of the rescue service
- TD checks the time measurement machine and all corresponding technical equipment
- TD works close with all functionaries
- in collaboration with the jury TD avenges breaks of race rules

Tasks of the TD during a race

- Compulsory attendance at all trainings and races
- supervising the races transaction



- · advisory service for the aligner during a race
- in collaboration with the jury, he avenges breaks of race rules
- TD checks the hand time measurement in the case of a technical breakdown •

TD controls all rankings

- TD controls all gate judge cards
- TD submits all valid protests to the jury

Tasks of the TD after a race

- TD prepares the race report
- TD controls the preparation of all ranking- and result lists and signs them
- TD compares the time stripe of the electrical time to all ranking- and result lists in collaboration with the Chief of the times measuring
- TD submits all valid protests to the jury
- TD approves the award ceremony
- TD prepares any additional reports
- TD collects and arranges all ranking- and result lists, disqualification lists, protests and protest decisions, gate referee documents and all other written decisions in collaboration with the race secretary
- if necessary, he files an application for MB and Regulation Consultant to make decisions which cannot be made at the face

How to advise the arranged TD

The arranged TD must be advised about the course of planning and activity of the race continuously from the beginning. This can be done by telephone or in writing.

The TD has the right to refund expenses. In case the TD is offered a fly ticket, TD must accept the offer or arrange individual transport which will only be refunded up to the costs of the originally offered fly ticket.

2.2 TD Assistant (TDA)

Specification of the function

- The TDA is ordered either by the TD or by the aligning national association
- He makes decisions during the race only in collaboration with the TD
- The TDA must have passed the TD-assistant exam.
- Functionaries of the organizer that are already classified for the running of the race cannot be TD-assistant
- The TDA subordinates to the TD or WORLD SKATE IS TC
- The TD has the right to refund expenses. In case the TD is offered a fly ticket, TD must accept the offer or arrange individual transport which will only be refunded up to the costs of the originally offered fly ticket.

2.3 Admittance/accreditation

Team managers and coaches

- Team managers and coaches may be members of the jury (if a valid referee pass can be submitted)
- Team managers and coaches may be appointed as a race functionary, if the race functionary wasn't already appointed by the particular national regional organization or isn't there.
- Team managers or coaches must act on the rules of the jury and the Competition Rules and behave fair and correct
- A team manager as a member of the jury or as course setter must do the work that is meant to



be done in this job.

Press, radio, and TV

• They can be accredited at international races

Other officials

• They can be accredited at international races. This is in the aligner's and organizer's Discretionary.

2.4 Functionaries at start, track, and finish

Chief of the race

The race leader leads all preparation work and supervises the work of all functionaries appointed by the aligner. He calls them to discuss all questions and leads together with the TD in the team managers meeting.

Chief of the track

- He has to take care of the preparation of the racetrack according to the jury's instructions and decisions.
- He must be familiar with track proportions
- Should be familiar with requirements of track profile
- Is responsible for marking and blocking the track
- Is responsible for assignment of rescue service

Chief of the times measurement and accountancy

- He is responsible for the cooperation of functionaries of start and finish
- He synchronizes the watches of hand time timekeepers as short as possible before the start
- He decides about time-lags of starters
- He is responsible for exact time measuring.
- He must publish the unofficial times
- If there are troubles with the time measuring system, he must report it to the TD and starting referee
- He is responsible for fast and exact calculating of results
- He must make sure, together with the race secretary, that unofficial rankings are published by return. After expiration of the protest period/after execution of all protests he must make sure that all official rankings are published
- He has a list where all competitors who don't run (DNS), all disqualified competitors (DSQ) and all competitors that haven't finished the track (DNF)

People who work under his direction:

- starter
- starting judge
- recorder
- chief of time measuring
- · chief of time measuring by hand
- control post
- chief of invoice department and his staffs

Chief of gate judges

- Chief of gate judges organizes the assignment of gate judges. He leads and supervises their action
- He allocates the place for every gate judge and the gates under his control. After every run and at



the end of the race he must collect the control cards to give them to the TD.

- He must give the needed material (control card, pencil, starting list, etc.) to every gate judge and allocate him for assistance. Either keeping the distance to observers or rearranging the track.
- He must watch over numbering and naming the gates in time.

Race secretary

- The race secretary must do all secretary work about technical and organization topics of the race
- · Preparation of bib-drawing
- He cares about the official rankings and result lists containing the required statements
- He is responsible for the composition of minutes of meetings of the functionaries, the jury and team managers
- In particular he takes needed measures that all blanks for start, finish, time measuring, accountancy, and control over gates are prepared, and can be given to the appropriate functionaries in time.
- He receives protests and entries to the attention of the responsible instances
- He disburdens the calculation of results by capable preparations and cares for the fast copying of results after the end of a race. He keeps contact with the people who put rankings and results online.

Head of order service

- He works at the head of track's disposition
- The head of order service has to take measures of barriers to keep observers at distance
- He assures that there's enough place for observers behind barriers

Head of medical personnel and rescue service

- The head of medical personnel and rescue service is responsible for adequate rescue service while official training times and while races
- Furthermore, he has to install premises where injured competitors can be medicated
- The medic, team doctors and ambulance meet before the beginning of the official training to coordinate assignments

Head of material and technical constructional systems

He has to allocate equipment and support for preparation and support of tracks, for transaction of races and registration, if these assignments are not part of the work of another functionary.

Chief of press

The chief of press has to supervise and inform the press, radio and TV according to the instructions of the OC.

The starter

- the starter is responsible for the preparation sign and starting command and for the time lag between these two commands
- he helps the competitor to take the right starting position
- he is connected to the Chief of the times measuring either wired or wireless
- he decides if a start is according to the rules

Starting judge

- The starting judge has to be at the start while all trainings and races
- he must assure that the rules for the start and starting organization are being kept
- he decides whether the equipment of the competitors accords to the rules



- he can let interrupt the race if he thinks it is necessary
- he can declare qualifications in cooperation with the jury
- · he notices all delays and wrong starts
- he must be able to connect to the jury immediately at every time
- he informs the referee about all names and number bibs of competitors who failed to appear at the start or caused an aborted start

Hand time measuring start

- the hand timekeeper is responsible for the written record of actual starting times and keeps them for the case of a possible lap time calculation
- at the end of the first run alternatively the second run and at the end of the race the hand timekeeper gives his documents to the measuring
- his place is directly next to the starting competitor without interfering him

Hand time measurement finish

- the hand timekeeper calculates the actual finish times and keeps them for the case of a possible lap time calculation
- at the end of the first run alternatively the second run and at the end of the race the hand timekeeper gives his documents to the Chief of the times measuring
- his place is on the thought extension of the photocells at the finish

Finish judge

- The finish judge has to be at the finish line during all trainings and races.
- supervising the track between the last gate and the finish
- · supervising the right passing of the finish line
- · treat of the finish run-out
- as the case may be the finish judge should transfer the number bib of the incoming runner to the head of time measurement and accountancy
- he supervises the control post at the finish, the time measurement, and the barrier service
- he must be able to connect to the start every time

Track speaker

He has to publish all relevant information for observers and competitors in English and the particular language

2.5 Gate-Judge

Each gate-judges must know the rules of the race irreproachable

Each gate-judges gets a form with the following specifications

- Name of the judge
- · Numbers of the allocated gates
- Name of the run (1st run or 2nd run)

Principle of statement

Every statement, made by a gate-judge, must be clear and neutral. His behavior shall be calm, alert, and careful.

Details about the misconduct by a competitor filled in by judge

- Race number of the competitor
- Number of the gate that was not passed accurate



- Character of misconduct
- Drawing of the mistake done

Misbehaviour shall only be announced, if the gate-judge is undoubtedly convinced that a gate has not been passed accurately. In the case of a protest, he must be able to explain calmly and clearly how the mistake has been made.

Checking of the not accurate passing of the gate

- If the gate-judge thinks that a mistake has been made, he must make observations. He can ask for an expertise from a nearby gate-judge to affirm his notices. He even may ask a member of the jury to interrupt the race for a short time.
- The gate-judge must note the circumstances of the incident on his form and must make it available for the jury after the run.
- The gate-judge must call the competitor to get in touch with a referee or a member of the jury immediately

Power of judgment

The opinion of the audience may not influence his finding. Furthermore, he may not accept the opinion of a witness although he/she is an expert.

Area of observation

The responsibility of the gate-judge begins with the approach of the competitor to the gate that is checked first and ends with the time the competitor passed the last gate checked by the judge.

Information for the competitor

- When a competitor is handicapped during his run, he must leave the track immediately and he must inform the nearest gate-judge.
- A competitor can ask a gate judge in the case of a mistake or a fall. On the other hand, the gate judge is obligated to orientate a competitor after making a mistake that leads to a disqualification.
- The gate-judge must give exact and clear answers to the questions of a competitor or explains him the situation by the following words:

"Good!" in the case of no disqualification, because the gate-judge affirms the correct passing of the gate. "Back!" in the case of a possible disqualification.

- The competitor is responsible for his actions and cannot hold the judge responsible.
- Above all, the decision that a gate-judge must announce the misbehavior of a competitor immediately can be made.
- The immediate announcement of the misbehavior can be done like this: By raising the flag when the weather conditions are good.
 - By an acoustic warning when the weather conditions are bad.
 - By other instruments designed by the aligner or the organizer.
- The immediate announcement does not discharge the gate-judge from filling in the form
- The gate-judge is obligated to inform the members of the jury when demanded.

Duties of the gate-judges after the first and second run

- Due to the instructions of the jury, the chef of the gate-judges (or his/her representative) must collect the forms from each of the gate-judges after every particular run and hand them in to the TD
- After the end of the first run, the chef of the gate-judges hands out the forms for the second run.
- Any of the gate-judges that recognizes any kind of misbehavior or is witness to an event that leads to a rerun, must be available for the jury for the time of any protest turning up.
- It is to the TD to release a gate-judge



Additional duties of the gate-judges

- Poles that do not erect themselves must be put back in position
- Dislocated platforms must be relocated to the areas marked
- Torn-off odd missing gate flags should be replaced
- Broken poles must be replaced immediately according to the color
- Maintain the area of his supervision
- · Keep the track free.
- Remove any signs that were attached by competitors or third persons to the track
- The gate-judge must allocate accredited people to the most favorable place to carry out their duties without interrupting the competitors
- The gate-judge must assure that the instructions and the rules of races, arranged by the jury, are being kept.

Position of the gate-judges

The gate-judge must choose an isolated position. He must stand on a part of the track. Close enough to interfere immediately, but in a distance where he does not interrupt the competitors

Quantity of gate-judges

- The aligner is obliged to make available a sufficient number of gate-judges
- At difficult combination of gates or at places where continuous maintenance is needed, an auxiliary person must be allocated to the gate-judge
- In certain cases, the aligner can allocate a number of backup-gate-judges to the chef of the gate judges. When there is a deficit or congestion, they will be deployed.
- The aligner must announce the number of the available gate-judges for the training and the race.
- The ideal case is 3 gates at max. per judge

Equipment of the gate-judge

- Bibs, so they can be recognized as gate-judges
- 2 pencils
- Writing case
- Some blank sheets for description of any incidents
- Brooms to clean the track
- Radios(eventually)
- · Gate-judge-cards

Catering for the gate-judges

The aligner must take care for the catering for the judges at their locations

2.6 Course Setter

Nomination of the course setters

Before the season the WORLD SKATE RAD TC appoints the course settling nation for every particular event

- First run: nomination by the time aligning nation in consultation with the aligning association. The name of the course setter must be told to the WORLD SKATE RAD TC and at this time responsible TD one week before the race date.
- Second run: nomination by the time course settling nation. The name of the course setter must be told to the WORLD SKATE RAD TC and at this time responsible TD one week before the race date.
- The name of the course setter must be told to the team managers meeting by the TD

An athlete can't be a course setter



Monitoring course setters

• Racetracks may only be settled under control of the TD or TD-assistant.

Replacement of course setters

- If a course setter mentioned in the race calendar isn't available, the WORLD SKATE RAD TC appoints an alternative course setter
- The alternative course setter must have the same conditions as the impeded course setter

Rights of the course setter

- He can make a proposal for changes of the race ground and security arrangements
- He can allocate assistants to help settling the course, so that he can concentrate only on course settling. The course setter assistance cannot be a racer.
- Allocation of the needed material by the head of material
- Completion of the racecourse by return

Duties of the course setter

- So that the racecourse can be settled according to the skill of the athletes, the course setter makes a pre-inspection of the race ground in attendance of the TD, the race leader, and the slope boss
- The course setter settles the course under inclusion of essential available safety measures
- Racetrack must be completed no later than 1 hour before the start, so that Operations on the track don't disturb the athletes while their inspection if possible.
- Course settling is the only duty of the course setter. He is responsible for abiding by the Race rules and consults with the members of the jury. The course setters have to take Part in this team managers meeting in which a report about settled courses is made.
- · Arriving at the point of race.
- The course setter should arrive early enough that he can unhurriedly settle the course.

2.7 Prerunner

The organizer is engaged to allocate at least two appropriate prerunners who come up to the regulations of the race rules

In the case of special conditions, the jury can increase the number of prerunners

The jury can appoint different prerunners for every run

The prerunners have to wear pre-runner bibs

The appointed prerunners must have the adequate ability to run the track like in a race

At international races runners who dropped out in the first run, can act as prerunners in the second run if they make an application for it. 2 prerunners per nation is allowed. In the case of many prerunners, the jury can decide who can be a prerunner after the athlete's application.

The jury appoints prerunners and their starting order

After a break new prerunners can be appointed Run times of prerunners may not be published



Prerunners info

When the jury asks for it, prerunners have to provide information about track conditions, the sight and routing of the racetrack.

Competitors aren't allowed to be pre-runners.

Competitors who are disciplined are not allowed to be prerunners.

3. INTERNATIONAL COMPETITIONS (Ch. 2. of Rulebook)

To participate at international events sanctioned by World Skate competitors have to pay an annual fee of **25 EUR** per racer for activation of their World Ranking points (Slalom and Giant Slalom separately).

3.1 World Championship and World Skate Games (Ch. 2.2 of Rulebook)

3.1.1 Fee

Organizer fee and fee per racer is set from WORLD SKATE.

3.1.2 Sponsorship

The sponsors of the WORLD SKATE RAD TC must be presented in accordance with the prize giving ceremony.

3.1.3 Video documentation

The organizer of the World Championship or World Skate Games must provide a video documentation on the whole track during the whole race. This video has to be broadcasted live.

3.2 Continental Championship (Ch. 2.3 of Rulebook)

Can be organized annually.

3.2.1 Fees

The organizer fee is $300 \in$ for Continental Championship per race. Entry fee per racer per race is maximum 15 \in (The entry fee is paid to the organizer).

4.3.6. Sponsorship

The sponsors of the WORLD SKATE IS TC must be presented in accordance with the prize giving ceremony

3.3 World Cup (Ch. 2.4 of Rulebook)

3.3.1 Fees

The organizer fee for one World Cup race is 500 EUR. In case the organizer organizes two World Cup races consequently within two days and at least one of these races is Giant slalom, the organizer fee for both races is a total of 700 EUR. This is paid to the WORLD SKATE INLINE SLALOM Technical Commission. The maximum fee per athlete for one World cup race is 25 EUR. This fee is paid to the organizer.



3.3.2 Prize money.

For the particular standing the "WORLD SKATE Inline Slalom World Cup", MEN/WOMEN (Overall)-Continental Championships and World Championships Races (not Team Race) Organizer makes a minimum 660€ available for prizes. Other prizes are up to the organizer.	Women	Men
1.	100 €	100 €
2.	80 €	80 €
3.	60 €	60 €
4.	40 €	40 €
5.	30 €	30 €
6.	20 €	20 €

For the overall standings the "WORLD SKATE Inline Slalom World Cup" makes 3000 € available for prizes.

Position	Women	Men
1.	400 €	400 €
2.	300 €	300 €
3.	200 €	200 €
4.	150 €	150 €
5.	100 €	100 €
6	90 €	90 €
7.	80 €	80 €
8.	70 €	70 €
9.	60 €	60 €
10.	50 €	50 €

3.3.3 Overall World Cup standings and Overall World Cup discipline standings

Overall World Cup standings are awarded according to the sum of all the acquired World Cup point from all disciplines within the season (no reduction or elimination of results). First 10 athletes in both Women and Men category must be awarded. For the Overall World Cup standings, the WORLD SKATE Inline Slalom TC makes 3000 € available for prizes.



In case there are World Cup races in multiple disciplines within one season, the Overall World Cup discipline standings are awarded. This applies for all the disciplines with at least three World Cup races within one season. The disciplines with less than three races are not awarded separately as an Overall World Cup discipline standing, however the points are included in the Overall World Cup standings. In the Overall World Cup discipline standings, the best five athletes are awarded. For the Overall World Cup discipline standings, the WORLD SKATE Inline Slalom TC makes 1060 € available for prizes for each awarded discipline:

- 1. 200 € (for both Women and Men)
- 2. 150 € (for both Women and Men)
- 3. 100 € (for both Women and Men)
- 4. 50 € (for both Women and Men)
- 5. 30 € (for both Women and Men)

3.3.4 Two World Cup races from one organizer an one weekend

If there are two World Cup Races in one weekend/week prize money from organizer is minimum 480 Euro per race.

Position	Women	Men
1.	100 €	100 €
2.	80 €	80 €
3.	60 €	60 €

3.3.5 Video documentation

The organizer of the World Cup must provide video documentation on the whole track during the whole race. This video has be broadcast live.

3.4 World Ranking Races

3.4.1 Fees

No organizer fee! Entry fee per racer per race is up to the organizer (The entry fee is paid to the organizer).

3.4.2 Age Start Authorization

No age limit!

3.4.3 Quota Regulation

No quota regulations!

4. TECHNICAL RULES (Ch. 3 of Rulebook)

4.1 General rules of the competitions by Discipline (Ch. 3.3 of Rulebook)

4.1.1 Giant Slalom Technical Specifications

Delay gates

The distance between delay gates has to be minimum 5m.



5. DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS AND DISPUTES (Ch. 8 of Rulebook)

By presenting a bad sportsmanship, the jury has the possibility of oral warning, warning through a yellow card or giving the runner a 100 EUR fine. The action should be declared together with disqualifications after the race and also written in official results. Racer will have the yellow card warning during the whole season on all World Ranking races and races where the arranger is World Skate Inline Slalom Technical Commission. If a bad behaviour action is repeated, jury must punish the competitor with 100 EUR fine.

6. SANITATION

Toilets for the competitors and organizing staff have to be available at the track.

